

Mr. Perry Mart, Inc. v. Admiral Insurance Company
District Court of Noble County, State of Oklahoma
Case No. CJ-2014-00022

—
Exhibits to Defendant Admiral Ins. Co.'s Removal

Exhibit 2

Plaintiff's Petition

FILED

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF NOBLE COUNTY
STATE OF OKLAHOMA**

MAY 22 2014

MR. PERRY MART, INC.,

Plaintiff,

versus

**ADMIRAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
CRUMP INSURANCE SERVICES, INC.,
SOONER CLAIMS SERVICE, INC. , and
STEVEN JAMES HALL,**

Defendants.

**HILLARY VORNDRAN, Court Clerk
NOBLE COUNTY OKLAHOMA**

by Barbara Bates Deputy

Case No. *CJ-2014-00022*

PETITION

COME NOW the Plaintiffs, MR. PERRY MART, INC. (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), and for their causes of action against Defendants, ADMIRAL INSURANCE COMPANY, (hereinafter collectively referred to as "ADMIRAL"), CRUMP INSURANCE SERVICES, INC. (hereinafter "CRUMP INSURANCE"), SOONER CLAIMS SERVICE, INC. (hereinafter "SOONER CLAIMS"), and STEVEN JAMES HALL (hereinafter "HALL") hereby states as follows:

STATEMENT OF FACTS

1. Plaintiff is situated in Perry, Noble County, Oklahoma. Plaintiff has an insurable interest in the property located at 602 N. 15TH Street, Perry, Oklahoma 73077.
2. Defendant, ADMIRAL, is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, and is an insurance company registered to engage in the business of insurance in the state of Oklahoma.
3. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, is an insurance agency incorporated under the laws of the State of Oklahoma, having its principal place of business in

Oklahoma.

4. Defendant, SOONER CLAIMS, is a corporation authorized to conduct business in the state of Oklahoma and is engaged in the business of insurance in the state of Oklahoma.
5. Defendant, HALL, upon information and belief, is licensed as an insurance adjuster in the state of Oklahoma. HALL'S adjuster license number in the State of Oklahoma is #0000100433. This cause of action arises out of Defendant's actions and/or inactions during the investigation and evaluation of Plaintiffs' claim. This Defendant is an individual that was hired as an adjuster by one or more other Defendants herein.
6. Plaintiff entered into a contract for insurance with Defendant, ADMIRAL to provide coverage for its property and its contents. Plaintiff's insured property is located in Noble County, Oklahoma.
7. Plaintiff purchased the policy of insurance through the offices of Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE. At the time Plaintiff purchased the policy of insurance with Defendant ADMIRAL, the Defendant CRUMP INSURANCE was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant ADMIRAL.
8. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was familiar with Plaintiff and has served as Plaintiff's primary insurance agent for its insurance needs. Defendant, ADMIRAL, advised Plaintiff of the need to maintain replacement cost coverage on the property.
9. Plaintiff relied on Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's representations and purchased the same. Plaintiff trusted and believed Defendant, CRUMP

INSURANCE had the requisite insurance agent skills and expertise to properly procure the replacement cost insurance coverage Plaintiff requested.

10. Thereafter Defendant, ADMIRAL, issued the Business policy of insurance, Policy PR000009293-01, to the Plaintiff.
11. Defendant, ADMIRAL, represented to the Plaintiff, directly and through its agent, Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, that it would conduct itself in accordance with Oklahoma law and would fully and faithfully investigate and pay claims. Plaintiff relied on said representations.
12. On or about May 23, 2013, the property insured by Plaintiff under the subject insurance policy was severely damaged as a direct result of a wind/hailstorm.
13. Plaintiff timely and properly submitted a claim to Defendant, ADMIRAL, for the property damage incurred due to the wind/hailstorm.
14. Defendant, ADMIRAL confirmed that the cause of Plaintiff's property damage claim was due to wind/hailstorm and that the loss was covered under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy with Defendant, ADMIRAL. Defendant, ADMIRAL assigned a claim number of P157964.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY

15. This suit is being brought, in part, under the Oklahoma Unfair Settlement Practices Act, Okla. Stat. Ann. §36-1250.5; and the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, 15 Oka. Stat. §753.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION **BREACH OF CONTRACT**

16. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 15 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendant, ADMIRAL,

alleges as follows:

17. Plaintiff entered into a contract for insurance with Defendant, ADMIRAL, to provide coverage for the dwelling and personal property.
18. At all times material hereto, the policy of insurance, Policy No. PR000009293-01, was in full force and effect.
19. Plaintiff provided timely and proper notice of thier claim of property damage resultant from the May 23, 2013 wind/hailstorm.
20. Plaintiff has complied with the terms and conditions and all conditions precedent under the policy of insurance.
21. This notwithstanding, the Defendant, ADMIRAL, has breached its contractual obligations under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract with Plaintiff by failing to pay Plaintiff all benefits owed.
22. As a result of the Defendant, ADMIRAL's breach of contract the Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
23. The conduct of Defendant, ADMIRAL, was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
BAD FAITH

24. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 23 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants, ADMIRAL,

SOONER CLAIMS, and HALL, (sometimes referred to hereafter as the “DEFENDANTS”). alleges as follows:

25. Defendants, ADMIRAL, SOONER CLAIMS, and HALL, owed a duty to Plaintiff to deal fairly and act in good faith.
26. Defendants, ADMIRAL, SOONER CLAIMS, and HALL, breached their duty to deal fairly and act in good faith by engaging in the following acts and/or omissions:
 - a. Failing to pay the full and fair amount for the property damage sustained by Plaintiff during the April 16, 2013 wind/hailstorm in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance policy.
 - b. Failing to pay all additional coverages due and owing to Plaintiff under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy
 - c. Reducing the fair amount of Plaintiff’s claims unfairly and without a valid basis.
 - d. Violating the Unfair Claims Settlement Practices Act, 36 O.S. §§1250.1-1250.16 by wrongfully, intentionally and repeatedly withholding benefits and coverages due and owing to the Plaintiff under the terms and conditions of the insurance policy.
 - e. Wrongfully, intentionally and repeatedly failing to communicate all coverages and benefits applicable to Plaintiff’s claim.
 - f. Forcing Plaintiff to obtain legal counsel to recover insurance benefits entitled to under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract.
 - g. Failing to conduct a fair and objective investigation of the damage to Plaintiff’s

property.

- h. Intentionally engaging in an outcome oriented investigation.
 - i. Intentionally engaging in a systematic scheme designed to save money otherwise due and owing to the Plaintiff and other similarly situated insureds as a cost-saving mechanism.
27. Defendants, ADMIRAL'S, SOONER CLAIMS', and HALL'S obligations to the Plaintiff arise from both express written terms under the insurance policy and under the Oklahoma Insurance Code as well as implied obligations under Oklahoma law.
28. Defendants, ADMIRAL'S, SOONER CLAIMS', and HALL'S failure to implement and/or follow the statutory impositions under the Oklahoma Insurance Code constitute bad faith.
29. Defendants, ADMIRAL'S, SOONER CLAIMS', and HALL'S conduct is a material breach of the terms and conditions of the insurance contract entered into with the Plaintiff and constitutes bad faith.
30. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants, ADMIRAL'S, SOONER CLAIMS', and HALL'S unfair claims handling conduct, Plaintiff's claim was unnecessarily delayed, inadequately investigated, and wrongfully underpaid. Said actions resulted in additional profits and a financial windfall to Defendant, ADMIRAL.
31. As a result of the Defendants, ADMIRAL'S, SOONER CLAIMS', and HALL'S conduct the Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys'

fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.

32. The conduct of Defendants, ADMIRAL, SOONER CLAIMS, and HALL was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.
33. Plaintiff further alleges Defendant, ADMIRAL enjoyed increased financial benefits and ill-gotten gains as a direct result of the intentional and wrongful conduct described above, which resulted in further damage to the Plaintiff.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

34. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 33 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
35. Due to the unequal bargaining power between Plaintiff and Defendants, the quasi-public nature of insurance, and the potential for Defendants to unscrupulously exploit that power at a time when Plaintiff was most vulnerable, a special relationship akin to that of a fiduciary duty exists between Plaintiff and Defendants.
36. As a result of the special relationship, Defendants owed a fiduciary duty to their insured to act in a manner consistent with the best interests of their insureds.
37. A fiduciary duty existed between Plaintiff and Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE. The overwhelming influence of Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE over Plaintiff, and Plaintiff's dependency and trust in its insurance agent, and Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's assurance it could procure the

insurance policy Plaintiff requested creates a fiduciary status.

38. Given the specialized knowledge the Defendant, ADMIRAL, possessed with regard to the terms and conditions of the insurance policy, the Defendant, ADMIRAL'S duty to act reasonably created such a special relationship so as to make the Defendant, ADMIRAL, a fiduciary.
39. The Defendants breached their fiduciary duties owed to the Plaintiff.
40. As a result of Defendants' breach of fiduciary duties, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
41. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
NEGLIGENCE IN THE PROCUREMENT OF INSURANCE

42. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 41 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
43. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was familiar with Plaintiff and had been hired as Plaintiff's primary insurance agent for the property insurance needs. In this capacity, Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, advised Plaintiff of the need to purchase and maintain the more expensive replacement cost coverage so that its business dwelling and personal property would be replaced in the event of damage or destruction to their property by a covered loss.

44. Plaintiff relied upon Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's representations and annually purchased the suggested coverage by paying a higher premium each year.
45. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, procured the subject replacement cost policy for Plaintiff.
46. At all times relevant hereto, the Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, ADMIRAL.
47. Defendant, ADMIRAL, owed Plaintiff a duty to act in good faith and to exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence in the procurement of insurance for Plaintiff, and in the notification of insurance coverage options to the Plaintiff.
48. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, had a duty to inform Plaintiff of all coverages, benefits, limitations and exclusions in the coverage procured.
49. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, breached its duty owed to Plaintiff and is liable to the Plaintiff because the insurance requested by Plaintiff was not procured as promised and Plaintiff suffered a loss.
50. Defendant CRUMP INSURANCE breached its duty owed to Plaintiff by:
 - a. Procuring an insurance policy that did not serve to actually replace its property and personal property when it was damaged or destroyed by a covered loss.
 - b. Procuring an insurance policy that did not accurately reflect the replacement cost of Plaintiff's dwelling.
 - c. Failing to inform Plaintiff of the limitations of the insurance policy procured for Plaintiff.
51. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was negligent and breached its duty owed to

Plaintiff by failing to review the policy procured for Plaintiff to ensure it provided appropriate and adequate coverage.

52. Plaintiff reasonably believed the insurance policy procured and maintained by Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was in conformity to their agreement with Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE.
53. Plaintiff relied upon Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, to procure and maintain appropriate and adequate coverage.
54. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE knew or should have known Plaintiff relied upon it to procure appropriate and adequate coverage, and it is foreseeable that the failure to procure appropriate and adequate coverage for Plaintiff could unnecessarily expose Plaintiff to significant harm, losses and damages.
55. The Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, ADMIRAL, and Defendant, ADMIRAL is vicariously liable for the conduct of Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE
56. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
57. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and said conduct is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
CONSTRUCTIVE FRAUD AND
NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

58. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 57 above as if

fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:

59. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, had a duty to exercise reasonable diligence and skill in obtaining and notifying Plaintiff of insurance coverage options.
60. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, breached its duty to Plaintiff by misrepresenting to Plaintiff as follows:
 - a. That the insurance procured was truly one of “replacement.”
 - b. That the amount of coverage procured, and for which premiums were paid, was equal to the estimated replacement cost of Plaintiff’s property.
 - c. That the amount of coverage procured would provide the coverage necessary for Plaintiff to replace its property in the event it was destroyed by a covered event.
 - d. That the insurance policy procured would comply with Plaintiff’s reasonable expectations that the property would be restored to its pre-loss condition in the event of a covered loss.
61. That as a result of Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE’S breach of duty, Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, gained an advantage to the prejudice and detriment of Plaintiff.
62. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, misrepresented the nature of the insurance policy procured for Plaintiff.
63. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, misrepresented the policy as one which was necessary to provide appropriate and adequate coverage for Plaintiff’s business property and personal property.
64. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, misrepresented the policy was one which was

in an amount necessary to replace Plaintiff's property in the event it was destroyed by a covered event.

65. Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's misrepresentations constitute constructive fraud.
66. Plaintiff was induced to accept and purchase the Defendant, ADMIRAL, policy of insurance by Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE'S misrepresentations and constructive fraud.
67. Plaintiff was misled by Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's misrepresentations and constructive fraud.
68. The Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE, was an agent and/or an ostensible agent of Defendant, ADMIRAL for purposes of these misrepresentations, and as such the Defendant, ADMIRAL, is vicariously liable for the conduct of Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE.
69. As a result of the Defendants' misrepresentations and constructive fraud, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
70. Plaintiff is further entitled to reformation of the insurance contract to provide coverage consistent with the Defendant, CRUMP INSURANCE's misrepresentations.
71. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and/or was grossly negligence, and is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION
NEGLIGENT UNDERWRITING

72. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 71 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
73. At the time the insurance policy was sold to Plaintiff, Defendants were obligated to utilize reasonable valuation methodology to determine the costs which Defendants considered necessary to cover the replacement costs of Plaintiff's property. As such, Defendants were then prohibited from writing a policy for more insurance than they considered necessary to cover the replacement cost of Plaintiff's property as determined at the time the subject policy was written.
74. Thereafter, Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiff to exercise good faith, reasonable care, skill and expertise in the underwriting analysis to ensure the insurance policy provided appropriate and adequate coverage once the insurer-insured relationship was established.
75. Defendants breached their duties to Plaintiff to exercise good faith, reasonable care, skill and expertise in failing to establish an accurate and consistent methodology for calculating the replacement cost of Plaintiff's dwelling and/or personal property.
76. Defendants' breach resulted in both inconsistent and inaccurate replacement cost valuations whereby the Plaintiff paid premiums for policy limits that did not accurately reflect the risks insured.
77. Defendants further breached their duties by automatically applying Defendant, ADMIRAL's annual inflationary adjustments which were utilized to increase

Plaintiffs' policy limits and premiums without regard to whether or not the inflationary adjustment increase was necessary in relation to the dwelling's valuation at the time.

78. The conduct and inconsistencies referenced herein violate Defendants' duties of good faith and fair dealing implicit in the insurance contract with Plaintiff and other Oklahoma policyholders.
79. Defendants' obligations arise from both the express written terms of the policy and the Oklahoma Insurance Code and Defendants' failure to implement and/or follow Oklahoma's statutory Insurance Code also constitutes unfair claims handling.
80. Defendants' conduct referenced herein constitutes a breach of this duty of good faith and fair dealing which is inherent in all insurance contracts within the State of Oklahoma.
81. Defendants' failure to procure the proper insurance product morally and legally requires it to be held to a duty of reasonable care, and that the burden of the resulting liability for breach of this duty be imposed upon them. This duty exists to foreseeability of the harm to Plaintiff which could occur as a result of failure to underwrite or procure adequate and appropriate insurance; the procurement of inadequate and improper insurance is the direct cause of the harm and injury suffered by Plaintiff; and the moral blame for the failure to procure and underwrite the current policy lies with the Defendants.
82. Further, the burden on the Defendants of imposing a duty to exercise care in procuring and underwriting the correct insurance policy for the needs of the

insured (with resulting liability for breach thereof) is minimal given the expertise and uneven bargaining power of the Defendants, and Defendants' representations of being an expert in the field of providing insurance to the general public, such as Plaintiff.

83. Plaintiff relied on Defendants to conduct an appropriate underwriting analysis to ensure and maintain an insurance policy which provided appropriate and adequate coverage.
84. Defendants breached their duties owed to Plaintiff by failing to conduct an appropriate underwriting analysis which resulted in issuing a policy of insurance to Plaintiff that did not provide appropriate and adequate coverage to Plaintiff.
85. As a result of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has sustained financial losses, and has been damaged in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs, and all interest allowed by law.
86. The conduct of Defendants was intentional, willful, malicious, and in reckless disregard to the rights of Plaintiff, and/or was grossly negligence, and is sufficiently egregious in nature to warrant the imposition of punitive damages.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
VIOLATIONS OF OKLAHOMA CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

87. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 86 above as if fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:
88. Plaintiff brings forth each and every cause of action alleged above under the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act pursuant to its tie-in provision.
89. At all material times hereto, Plaintiff was a consumer who purchased insurance

products and services from Defendant.

90. Defendant has violated the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act in the manners including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) Representing that the agreement confers or involves rights, remedies, or obligations which it does not have, or involve, or which are prohibited by law;
- (2) Failing to disclose information concerning goods or services which was known at the time of the transaction when such failure to disclose such information was intended to induce the consumer into a transaction that the consumer would not have entered into had the information been disclosed;
- (3) Engaging in an unconscionable course of conduct.
- (4) At all material times hereto, Plaintiff was a consumer of insurance services or products of Defendant, and Plaintiff would show that Defendant's violations as set forth above, constitute a violation of the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, causing Plaintiff damages.
- (5) By accepting insurance premiums but refusing without a reasonable basis to pay benefits due and owing, Defendant has engaged in an unconscionable action or course of action as prohibited by the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act, in that Defendant took advantage of Plaintiff's lack of knowledge, ability, experience, and capacity to a grossly unfair degree, that also resulted in a gross disparity between the consideration paid in the transaction and the value received.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION
BREACH OF COMMON LAW
DUTY OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

91. Plaintiff adopts and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 90 above as if

fully plead herein, and for further claims against the Defendants alleges as follows:

92. Defendants' conduct, as described above, constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to it's insured pursuant to the insurance contract.
93. Defendants' conduct, as described above, was in direct contradiction of the applicable industry standards of good faith and fair dealing.
94. Defendants' failure, as described above, to adequately and reasonable investigate, evaluate, and pay the benefits owed under the insurance contract, knowing full well through the exercise of reasonable diligence that its liability was reasonably clear, resulted in a breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

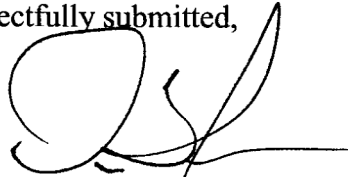
WHEREFORE, premises considered, the Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, ADMIRAL INSURANCE COMPANY, CRUMP INSURANCE SERVICES, INC., SOONER CLAIMS SERVICE, INC., and STEVEN JAMES HALL, for:

- a. Payment of all contractual benefits for all coverages afforded to Plaintiff under the subject policy of insurance for damage to its dwelling and personal property caused by the May 23, 2013, wind/hail storm, together with interest on all amounts due;
- b. Disgorgement of the incureased financial benefits derived by Defendants as a direct result of Defendants' wrongful or intentional, willful, malicious and/or reckless conduct;
- c. Actual and punitive damages each in an amount in excess of Ten

Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00); and

- d. Attorneys' fees, costs and interest, including pre-judgment and post-judgment interest.

Respectfully submitted,



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**ATTORNEYS' LIEN CLAIMED
JURY TRIAL DEMANDED**